



Range Cattle Research and Education Center - Ona FL

Forages for the winter

Joe Vendramini
Forage Specialist

Hay

Cost for Hay production - 2007

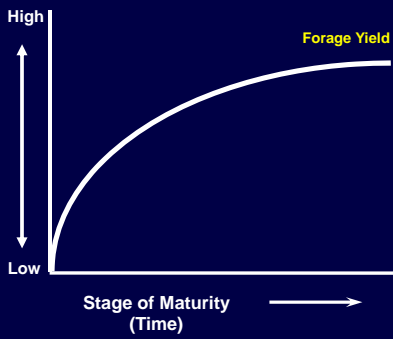
Cost Item	Cost per Ton	% of Total
Labor	\$21.57	24%
Chemicals	\$0.91	1%
Fertilizer	\$50.00	50%
Supplies	\$2.45	3%
Depreciation	\$7.47	7%
Fuel	\$1.32	1%
Repairs/Maintenance	\$6.32	6%
Other	\$2.33	2%
Interest	\$6.28	6%
TOTAL	\$98.65	100%

Storage Losses

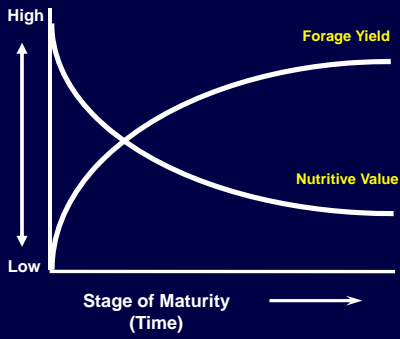
Storage System	Dry Matter (%)	Animal Refusal (%)	TOTAL (%)
Ground	28	22	50
Gravel	31	17	48
Tires	35	6	41
Rack	26	6	32
Rack with cover	12	2	14
Barn	2	1	3

* Hay stored for 7 months

Warm-season grasses



Warm-season grasses



Species

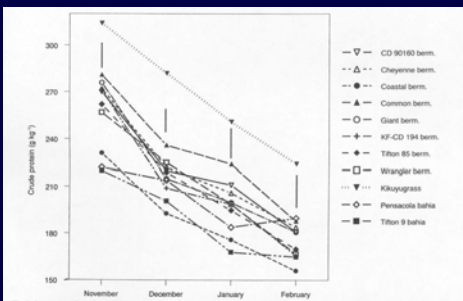


Fig. 3. Interactions of month and cultivar on crude protein of warm-season perennial grasses managed on a standing hay crop during the autumn and winter of 2006-2007 at Orono, VT. Vertical bars indicate LSD values ($P < 0.05$) within months.

Species

Limpograss

Advantages

High production

Competitive with weeds

Adapted to wet soils

Superior late fall and early spring production

Disadvantages

Low CP concentration

Not well adapted to dry, deep, sandy soils

Difficult to cure for hay at advanced growth stages

Species

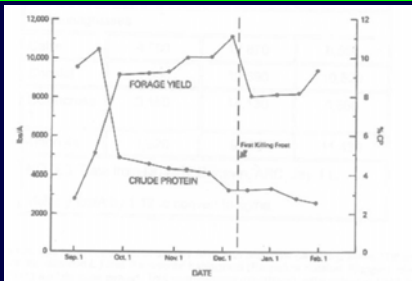


Figure 1. Yield and crude protein content of Pteris limpeggrass managed for autumn production.

Stockpiled Forage




Stockpiled Forage



Stockpiled Forage



Soil testing


UF/IFAS EXTENSION SOIL TESTING LABORATORY
 Wallace Building 631 PO Box 110740 Gainesville, FL 32611-0740
 Email: soiltest@ufl.edu Web: soiltest.ufl.edu

Producer Soil Test See further information on reverse
 Cynthia B. Baskett
 Alachua County Camp Site Service
 2800 NE 39th Ave
 Gainesville, FL 32609-2638
 Tel: 352/943-2402
 Email: CBBaskett@ufl.edu

Client Identification: A3 See Number: 1339 Lab Number: 80741
 Crop: Cool season annual Grasses (small grains and ryegrass) Plant Date: 13-Nov-02
This information is for informational purposes only. It does not constitute a warranty or guarantee of any kind. We do not warrant for any damage to the property or the person or property of any other person. We do not warrant for any damage to the property or the person or property of any other person. We do not warrant for any damage to the property or the person or property of any other person.

SOIL TEST RESULTS AND THEIR INTERPRETATIONS
 Target pH: 6.0
 pH (1:2.5 Extract/Water): 6.0
 A-1 Buffer Value: 8.0

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTABLE	V LOW	LOW	MED	HIGH	V HIGH
PHOSPHORUS (ppm P)	4	10	15	20	25
POTASSIUM (ppm K)	15	20	25	30	35
MAGNESIUM (ppm Mg)	100	150	200	250	300
CALCIUM (ppm Ca)	600	800	1000	1200	1400

LIME AND FERTILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS
 Crop: Cool season annual grass (small grains and eye grass)
 Lime: 0.0 lbs per acre (1 Ton = 2000 lbs)
 Nitrogen: 80 lbs per acre
 Phosphorus (P₂O₅): 80 lbs per acre
 Potassium (K₂O): 80 lbs per acre

Percentages are general reference applicable. These numbers are an integral part of fertilization recommendations. Please read them carefully.

Soil testing

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA
EXTENSION

UF/IFAS EXTENSION SOIL TESTING LABORATORY
Wallace Building 631 PO Box 110746 Gainesville, FL 32611-0746
Email: soiltest@ufl.edu Web: soiltest.ufl.edu

Produce Soil Test

Client information contact:
Cynthia B. Baskette
Alachua County Coop Ext Service
2800 NE 39th Ave
Gainesville, FL 32609-2038
Tel: 352/905-2402
Email: CBaskette@ufl.edu

Client Identification: A1 Site Number: 1539 Lab Number: B0761

Crop: Cool season annual Grasses (small grains and ryegrass) Plant Date: 15-Nov-02

This interpretation and recommendation are based upon soil test results and other information with the specified crop under Florida's growing conditions. We do not test soil for P or S, so there is no insight and no recommendation for availability. Also, the P recommendation is based upon the amount of P available in the soil and not on the number of organic substances, animal or human, which release their organic matter into the soil. Recommendations are based on soil test results and other information and should be used as a guide to crop management and should not be used as a basis for fertilizer recommendations.

SOIL TEST RESULTS AND THEIR INTERPRETATIONS

Topsoil pH: 6.0
pH (1:2 Sample:Water): 6.0
A-S Buffer Value: 8.0

SUBSTANCE EXTRACTABLE	V LOW	LOW	MED	HIGH	V HIGH
PHOSPHORUS (ppm P)	1	2	3	4	5
POTASSIUM (ppm K)	15	20	25	30	35
MAGNESIUM (ppm Mg)	100	150	200	250	300
CALCIUM (ppm Ca)	600	800	1000	1200	1400

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Potassium (K₂O): 80 lbs per acre

Amounts per pound where applicable. These figures are an integral part of fertilizer recommendations. See the label for details.

Fertilization

- ✓ N fertilization
- ✓ 50 – 100 lb N / acre on September

Fertilization

Effects of N fertilization on Limpoglass nutritive value

N rate	CP	TDN	TDN:CP
lb/acre	%	%	
45	5.6	50	9.1
135	7.3	54	7.4

Grazing

- ✓ 50-65 % grazing efficiency
- ✓ Grazing period: 70-120 d
- ✓ 0.75 acres / pair

Stockpiled Forage

Comparing Limpoglass and Bahia +
hay winter grazing systems

	Weight Gain lbs	Calf Weight lbs	Preg Rates %
Limpoglass	-115	547	91.6
Bahia + hay	-88	535	92.2

Grazing

- ✓ Limpoglass (0.75 acres) can substitute approximately 1400 lbs of stored hay (15% waste)
- ✓ \$ 35 /1000 lbs = \$ 49.00
- ✓ \$ 70 / 1000 lbs = \$ 98.00

Grazing

- ✓ 50-65 % grazing efficiency
- ✓ Grazing period: 70-120 d
- ✓ 0.75 acres / pair
- ✓ Plan B

Stockpiled Forages

- ✓ Plan B: " BARN FULL OF HAY"

Winter forage

- ✓ Annual Ryegrass
- Cold tolerant varieties
- Late maturity, greater spring production
- Adapted to most soil types

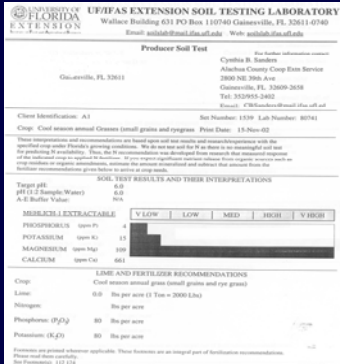


Annual Ryegrass

Table 1. Three years average dry matter yield of annual ryegrass at Overton TX.

Variety	Yield (lb/ac)
Jumbo	7474
Prine	7358
Marshall	7126
Ed	7067
Jackson	6744
TAM 90	6556
Gulf	6256

Soil testing



Annual Ryegrass

- ✓ Fertilization program
- N-P-K ~ 30 lb/acre – After germination
- N ~ 50 lb/acre – Every 6 wks interval

Annual Ryegrass

- ✓ Planting method



Annual Ryegrass Establishment

Method of Establishment	Ryegrass Yield (lb/ac)
Control	0
Overseeded	150
Gramoxone + overseeded	630
Light disk + overseeded	740
Roundup + overseeded	3400
Prepared seedbed + overseeded	3200

Annual Ryegrass

VERY IMPORTANT!

- ✓ Pulling some type of drag behind the seeder and/or rolling helps to cover the seed, firm the seedbed and allow better seed-soil contact

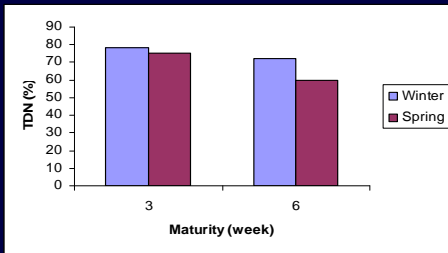
Annual Ryegrass

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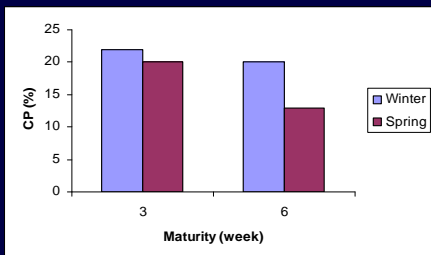
Annual Ryegrass

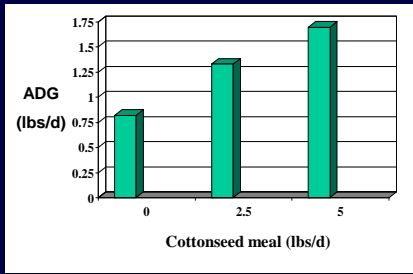
✓ Nutritive value



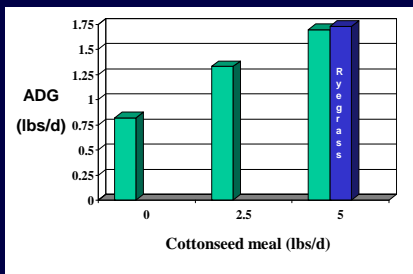
Annual Ryegrass

✓ Nutritive value





Effect of cottonseed meal supplementation or part-time grazing ryegrass on performance of replacement heifers grazing stockpiled Limpgrass



Effect of cottonseed meal supplementation or part-time grazing ryegrass on performance of replacement heifers grazing stockpiled Limpgrass

Economics of part-time grazing ryegrass

Days Grazing Ryegrass	CSM \$ Equiv.	Cost of Ryegrass establishment + fertilization / acre			
		\$100	\$150	\$200	\$250
	\$	----\$----			
12	42	-58	-108	-158	-208
24	84	-16	-66	-116	-166
36	126	26	-24	-74	-124
48	168	68	18	-32	-82

Stocking rate = 3 heifers/acre of ryegrass

Cottonseed meal = \$200 / ton

Grazing part-time ryegrass 12 d /month = 420 lbs cottonseed meal

Questions?

<http://rcrec-ona.ifas.ufl.edu>