2025 Surviving High Prices Webinar Series

Week 6 – October 29th

Economics of Reproduction Strategies

Breeding Season Management & Al vs. Natural Service

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1

REPRODUCTION

One calf : One year (365 Days)

Calve -> Lactation -> Rebreed -> Wean -> Gestation

\$

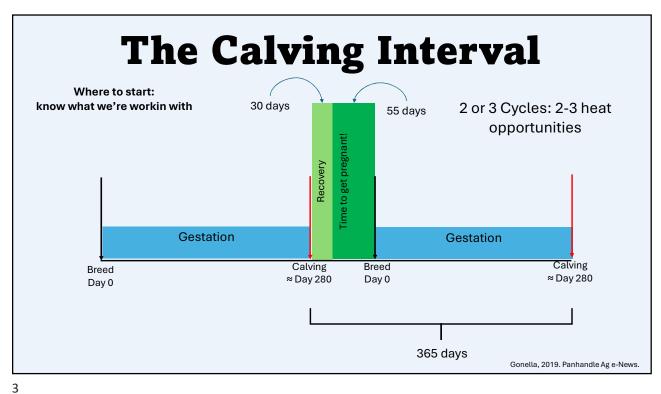
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How can we manage our cows economically??



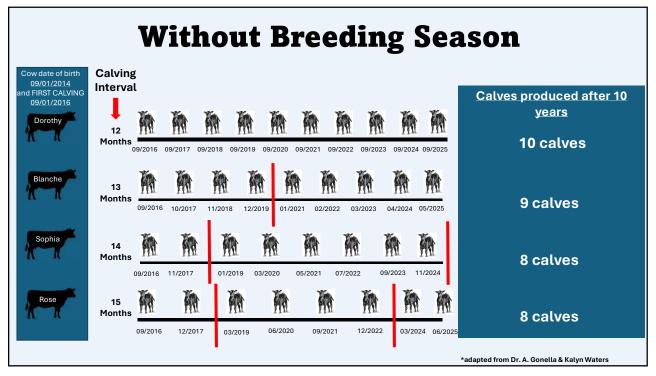


Table 1. Variable Costs and Returns for Different Calving Intervals <u>After 10 Years</u>

Cow	Average Cow Cost/Year	Total Cost after 10 years	Average Calf Revenue/Year	Calves Produced after 10 Years	Total Revenue after 10 Years	Returns
Dorothy	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	10	\$10,615	\$1,577
Blanche	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	9	\$9,553.50	\$515.50
Sophia	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	8	\$8,492	(\$546)
Rose	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	8	\$8,492	(\$546)

Table 2. Variable Costs and Returns for Different Calving Intervals <u>After 10 Calves</u>

Cow	Average Cow Cost/Year	Years to Produce 10 Calves after 1st calving	Total Cost to Produce 10 Calves	Average Calf Revenue/Year	Total Revenue for 10 calves	Returns
Dorothy	\$903.80	10	\$9,038.00	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	\$1,577
Blanche	\$903.80	12.75	\$11,523.45	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$908.45)
Sophia	\$903.80	13.5	\$12,190.50	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$1,575.50)
Rose	\$903.80	14.25	\$12,879.15	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$2,264.15)

Controlled Breeding Season: Why Have One?

- Variables that can be "controlled" by a producer:
 - Monitor/track when cows get bred (efficiency)
 - Monitor length of the breeding/calving season
 - Trying to get more cows bred early in the season
 - Sell a more uniform calf crop
- Controlling these variables enables more influence over:
 - Pregnancy Rates
 - Weaning Rates
 - Weaning Weights



7

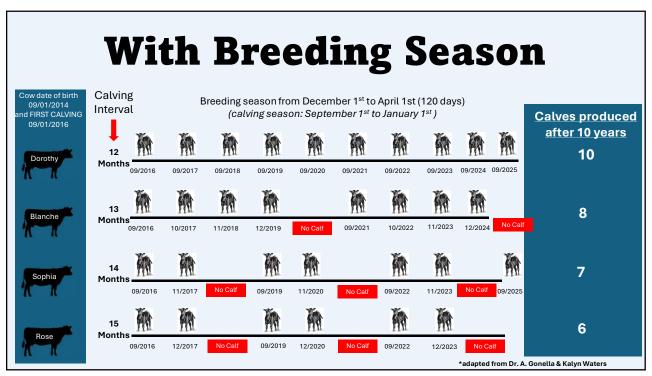
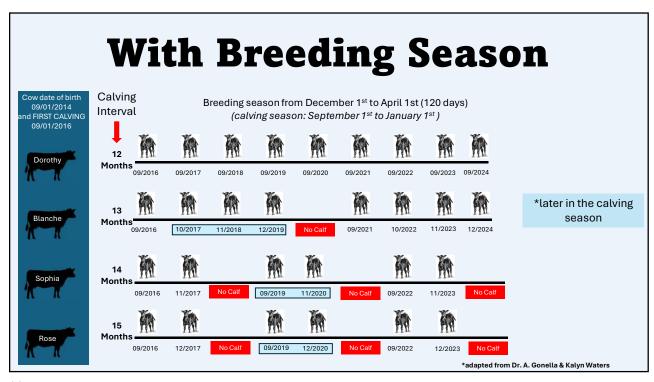


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Dorothy	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	10	\$10,615	\$1,577
Blanche	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	8	\$8,492	(\$546)
Sophia	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	7	\$7,430	(\$1,068)
Rose	\$903.80	\$9,038	\$1,061.50	6	\$6,369	(\$2,669)

Table 2. Variable Costs and Returns for Different Calving Intervals <u>After 10 Calves</u>

Cow	Average Cow Cost/Year	Years to Produce 10 Calves after 1st calving	Total Cost to Produce 10 Calves	Average Calf Revenue/Year	Total Revenue for 10 calves	Returns
Dorothy	\$903.80	10	\$9,038.00	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	\$1,577
Blanche	\$903.80	12.08	\$10,918.00	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$303)
Sophia	\$903.80	14.16	\$12,797.80	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$2,182.80)
Rose	\$903.80	14.25	\$12,879.15	\$1,061.50	\$10,615	(\$2,264.15)



Calving Distributions (120-day season)

Day of Breeding Cow becomes Pregnant	30	60	90	120
Birth Weight (lbs)	75	75	75	75
Average Daily Gain (lbs)	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
Weaning Weight (200 days start of calving season)	525	457	390	322
Calf Value at Weaning (\$/lb)	\$1.78	\$1.88	\$2.18	\$2.32
Calf Value at Weaning (\$/head)	\$934.50	\$859.16	\$850.20	\$747.04
Total Value Difference (\$/head)	\$ 0.00	\$75.34	\$84.30	\$187.46

*Dr. Angella Gonella, Kalyn Waters, & Hannah Baker

^{*}All calves assumed to be weaned on a set date and marketed as a group.

**Average prices from 2017-2024 for Florida steers marketed between October – December.

Comparison of Increasing Weaning Rates & Weights

Average Return to Variable Expenses Per Cow for a 50 Head Beef Cow Herd*

	Weaning Rates				
Calving Distributions	76%	86%	96%		
25-25-25	\$(215.82)	\$(106.54)	\$(5.67)		
40-25-20-15	\$(169.57)	\$(59.43)	\$51.10		
50-35-10-5	\$(129.17)	\$(6.54)	\$110.75		

^{*}Estimated Revenue: average annual Florida steer prices from October 2017-December 2024; seasonality will effect prices received for cattle

13

Cattle Fax 2024 Survey Data Weaning Weights Based on Calving Length Weaned Calf Crop Percentage by ■2022 ■2023 ■2024 **Calving Season Length** 565 92% ■2022 ■2023 ■2024 91% 545 89% Weaned Calf Crop 88% 87% 86% 85% 84% 495 83% 46 - 60 days 0 - 45 Days 46 - 60 Days **Calving Season Length Calving Season Length** Source: CattleFax Source: CattleFax Cattle Fax DRCIDING Cattle Fax

^{*}Estimated Variable Expenses: average from 2015-2024, \$903.80

Some Takeaways about Breeding Seasons

Hard to "preach" this stuff when calves are bringing \$4/lb, when we are trying to expand, & we've already culled everything...

HOWEVER...

- Having efficient cows that can maintain a 365-calving day interval, or close to it, are vital to a cow-calf operation, no matter the market situation.
 - A "cheap" calf is better than no calf
- Having a controlled calving season can help you keep better track of which cows are the most efficient!
- We can use the profits & prices we are getting now to start making changes & adopting new management strategies.
 - Two birds, one stone example...



sell cull cows in a high market





improve forage management

