

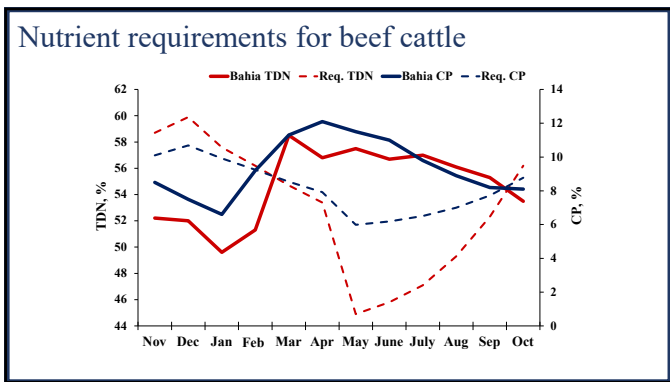
Pre-calving nutrition of beef females



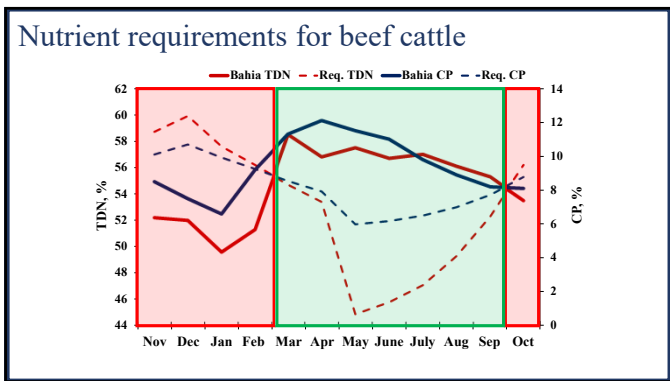
Elizabeth Palmer | PhD student
Range Cattle Research and Education Center
November 10, 2020



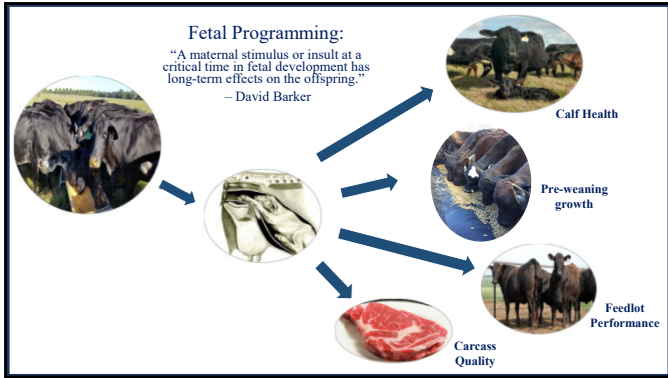
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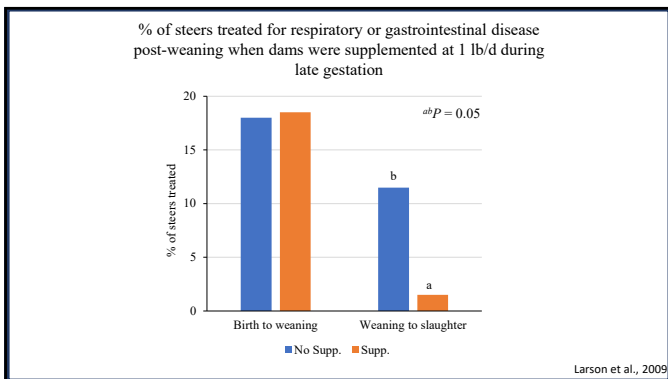
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BCS of cows provided 100 or 70% of their daily energy requirement for the last 40 d of gestation

	100% of daily energy requirements	70% of daily energy requirements
BCS		
d 0	6.55	6.60
Calving	6.55	6.36
BCS Change		
d 0 to calving	0.01	-0.25

Moriel et al., 2016

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Short-term nutrient restrictions during late gestation can reduce calf response to vaccination

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BCS		
d 0	6.55	6.60
Calving	6.55	6.36
BCS Change		
d 0 to calving	0.01	-0.25

	100% of daily energy requirements	70% of daily energy requirements
Serum titers		
Bovine viral diarrhoea virus -1a	6.36 ^b	5.15 ^a

P = 0.05

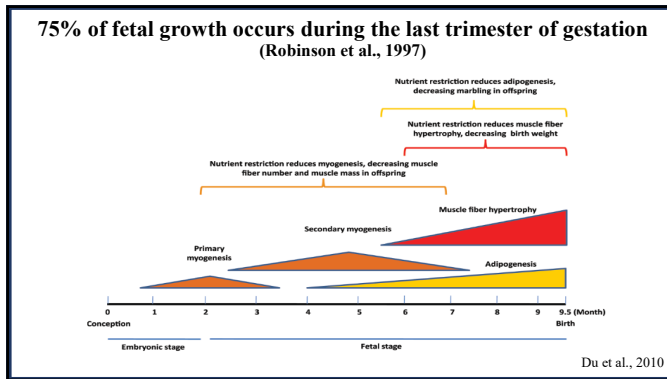
Moriel et al., 2016

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Post-weaning growth and carcass quality



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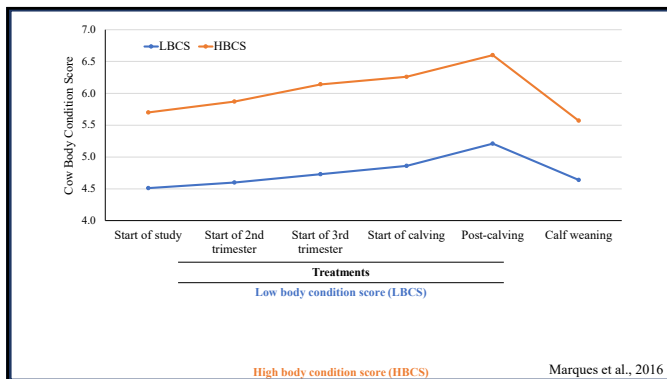


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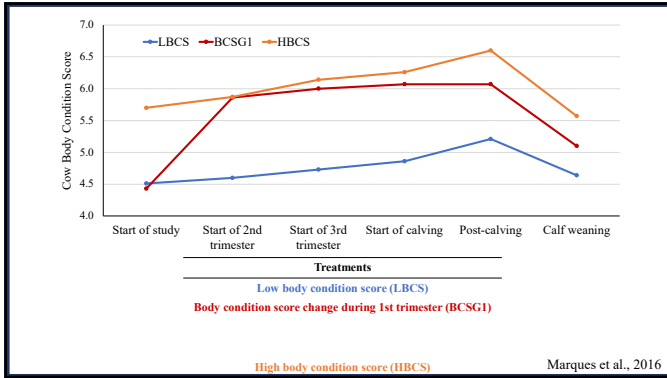
Steer performance when cows were fed 1 lb/d of a CP supplement during late-gestation

	Stalker et al. 2007 (42% CP)		Stalker et al. 2006 (42% CP)		Larson et al. 2009 (28% CP)	
	No Suppl.	Suppl.	No Suppl.	Suppl.	No Suppl.	Suppl.
Feedlot ADG, kg/d	3.52 ^a	3.70 ^b	3.45	3.43	3.65 ^a	3.74 ^b
Carcass weight, kg	763 ^a	803 ^b	799	812	803 ^a	821 ^b
Marbling Score	449	461	467	479	444 ^a	493 ^b
Choice, %	-	-	85	96	71 ^a	86 ^b

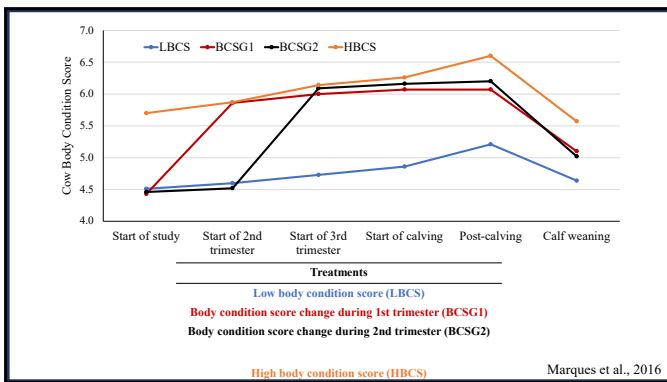
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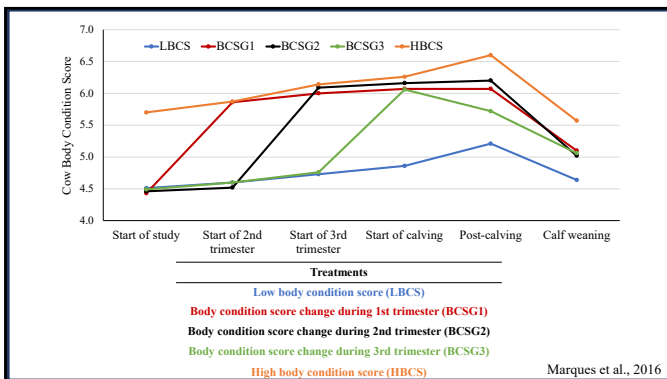
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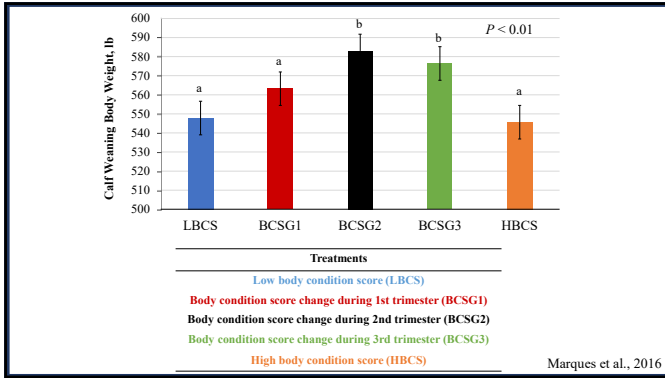
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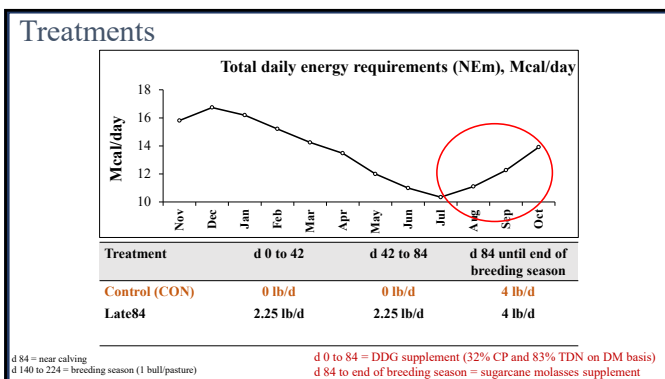


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Can we be more cost-effective in our supplementation strategy?

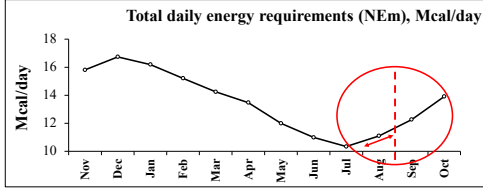
How does **TIMING** of supplementation during **late gestation** influence calf post-natal performance?

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Treatments

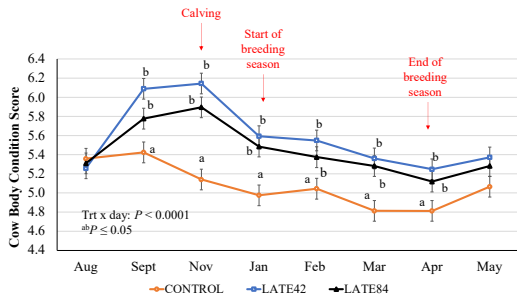


Treatment	d 0 to 42	d 42 to 84	d 84 until end of breeding season
Control (CON)	0 lb/d	0 lb/d	4 lb/d
Late84	2.25 lb/d	2.25 lb/d	4 lb/d
Late42	4.50 lb/d	0 lb/d	4 lb/d

d 84 = near calving
 d 140 to 224 = breeding season (1 bull/pasture)
 d 0 to 84 = DDG supplement (32% CP and 83% TDN on DM basis)
 d 84 to end of breeding season = sugarcane molasses supplement

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Cow Body Condition Score



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Cow Reproduction

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	MOL-W	LATE42	LATE84		
1st calf crop					
Calving rate, %	98.2	97.8	94.4	2.43	0.48
Calving date, d of study	88	87	84	3.3	0.68
Calf plasma IgG, mg/mL	52.4	45.1	46.5	4.77	0.44
2nd calf crop					
Pregnancy diagnosis on d 283, %	90.1	87.0	91.8	3.74	0.67
Calving rate, %	89.8	89.2	88.1	4.60	0.96
Male calves, %	52	51	61	7.4	0.57
Calf birth weight, lb	84	84	79	6.2	0.59
Calving date, d of study	457	448	456	4.8	0.40

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Steer carcass characteristics

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	MOL-W	LATE42	LATE84		
Hot Carcass Weight, lb	741	745	744	12.0	0.98
Dressing Percent, %	59.7	60.5	59.8	0.30	0.12
12th rib fat thickness, in	0.70	0.67	0.64	0.089	0.49
Longissimus muscle area, in ²	12.3	12.5	12.5	1.58	0.74
KPH, %	2.92	2.62	2.67	0.13	0.20
Yield Grade	3.8	3.6	3.5	0.14	0.33
Marbling	521 ^a	570 ^b	545 ^{ab}	15	0.07
Average choice, %	5 ^a	36 ^b	17 ^{ab}	9.3	0.10
Low choice, %	72	46	58	10	0.17
Select, %	23	19	25	8	0.87

^{ab}P ≤ 0.05

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Take home message:

The best supplementation strategy for the cow was not the same for the calf.

Manipulations to the maternal diet during late gestation can increase calf weights at weaning, enhance immunity and shift the percentage of steers grading choice.

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Supplementing methionine to grazing beef cows

1. Methionine is a limiting AA for beef cows during late gestation when grazing low quality forages
2. Methionine can influence the post-natal growth of offspring



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Methionine supplementation in *heifers*

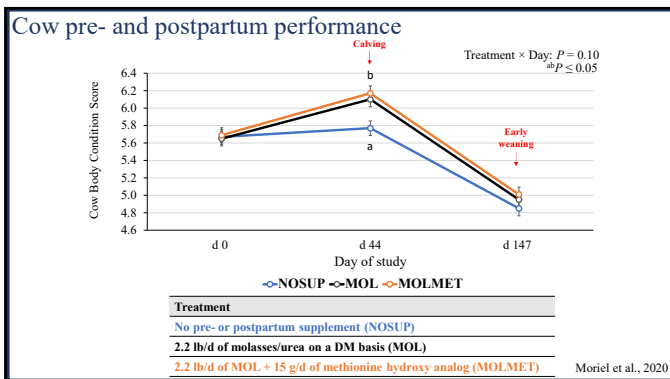
- 36 Brangus crossbred heifers/yr
- **Supplementation**
 - Began 56 d before parturition (d 0)
 - Ended when all heifers within a pasture calved (d 74)

Treatments
No pre- or postpartum supplement (NOSUP)
2.2 lb/d of molasses/urea on a DM basis (MOL)
2.2 lb/d of MOL + 15 g/d of methionine hydroxy analog (Alimet; MOLMET)

- Calves early weaned on d 147
 - Calves from each treatment fed a high-concentrate diet during a 47-d backgrounding period

Moriei et al., 2020

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Cow pre- and postpartum performance

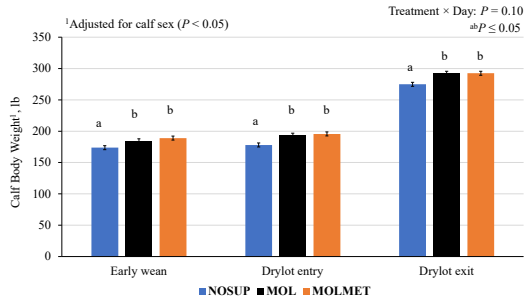
Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	NOSUP	MOL	MOLMET		
Days on treatment					
Pre-partum	59	57	55	5.1	0.85
Post-partum	18	15	18	4.6	0.42
Pregnant cows d 288, %	83.3	90.0	90.9	10.1	0.82
Calf birth weight¹, lb	55	62	58	2.2	0.13
Calving date 2nd calf, day of the study	453	452	445	7.4	0.68

^a*P* ≤ 0.05
¹Adjusted for calf sex (*P* < 0.05)

Moriel et al., 2020

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Calf feedlot performance



Moriel et al., 2020

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Calf feedlot performance

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	NOSUP	MOL	MOLMET		
ADG, lb/d					
Birth to early wean (d 0 to 147)	1.28	1.25	1.36	0.064	0.48
Drylot (d 154 to 201)	1.85 ^a	2.00 ^b	2.18 ^b	0.068	0.02
Birth to d 201	1.41 ^a	1.58 ^b	1.65 ^b	0.081	0.10
Total DMI, lb/d (d 154 to 201)	8.21	8.62	8.62	0.249	0.41
G:F (d 154 to 201)	0.246	0.243	0.236	0.006	0.51

^a*P* ≤ 0.05

Moriel et al., 2020

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Calf feedlot performance

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Moriel et al., 2020

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Calf immune response

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value	
	NOSUP	MOL	MOLMET		Trt	Trt x day
Plasma glucose, mg/dL	89.0	90.2	90.4	1.13	0.66	0.72
Plasma cortisol, ug/dL	2.05	1.99	1.87	0.15	0.71	0.99
Plasma haptoglobin, mg/mL	0.56	0.51	0.50	0.044	0.56	0.33
Serum BVDV-1						
Titers, log ₂	2.45	3.20	2.42	0.306	0.13	0.11
Positive seroconversion, % of total	56.1 ^a	84.2 ^b	78.7 ^b	7.16	0.02	0.11
Serum PI-3						
Titers, log ₂	4.72	4.67	4.74	0.266	0.99	0.22
Positive seroconversion, % of total	83.9 ^a	100 ^b	94.3 ^b	4.15	0.01	0.27

^{a,b}P ≤ 0.05

Moriel et al., 2020

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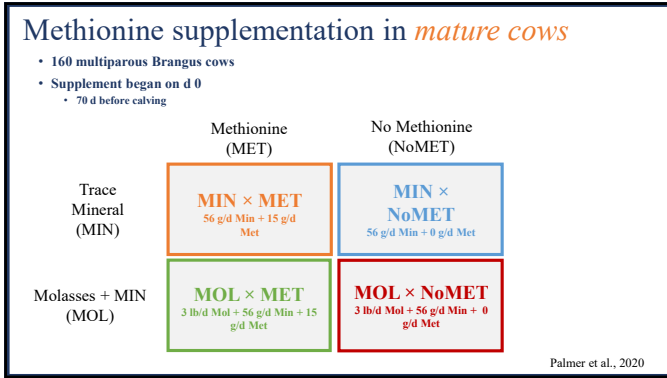
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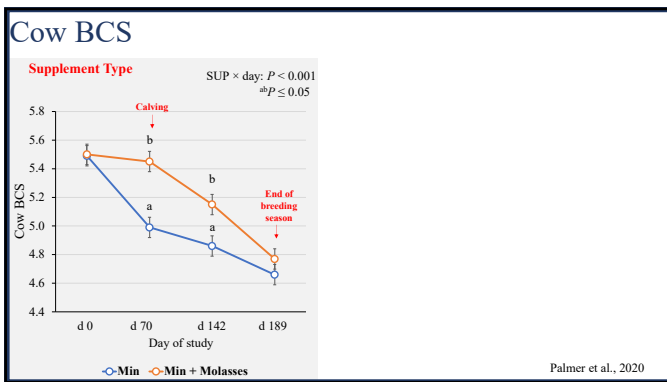
^{a,b}P ≤ 0.05

Moriel et al., 2020

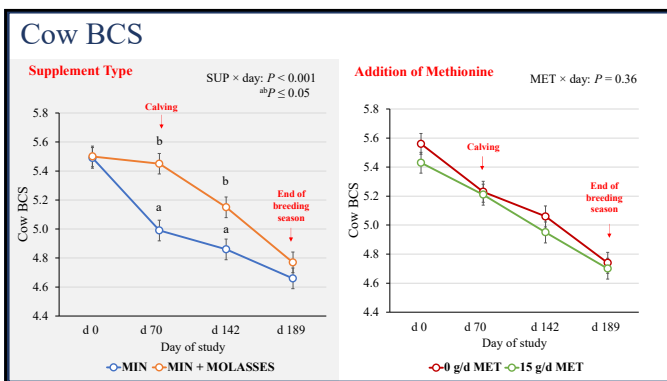
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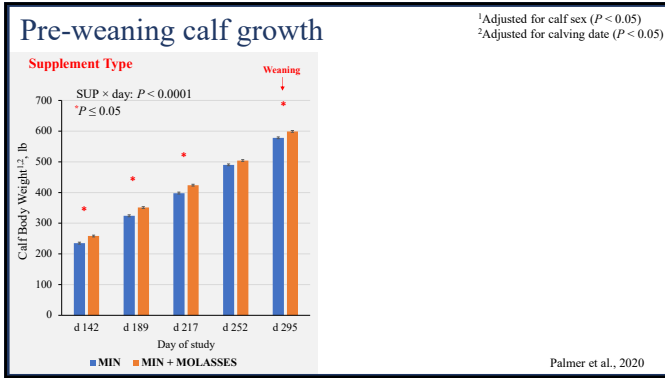
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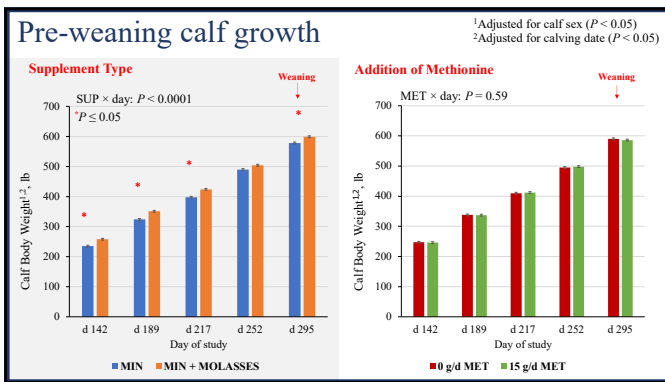
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Pre-calving nutrition....

- Enhances cow BCS at calving and can lead to cows calving earlier in the subsequent breeding season
- Increases calf weight at weaning
- Improves calf response to vaccination
- Influences carcass quality grades by improving marbling

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Thank you



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