



Limpograss Management in South Florida

2023 UF/IFAS Range Cattle Research and Education Center Field Day

Joao (Joe) Vendramini Professor – Forage Specialist

1

Introduction

UF | FLORIDA

• Limpograss (*Hemarthria altissima*) is the second most cultivated forage for beef cattle production in South Florida



Introduction

UF | UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

 The first plants were brought to the USA in 1964 via the Rietondale Research Station, Pretoria, South Africa.





3

Introduction

UF | UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

- Floralta was among the first limpograss cultivars released by Dr. Quesenberry in the 1980's
- In 2014, two new cultivars, Gibtuck and Kenhy, were released by IFAS. They are the first and only limpograss hybrids in the world.

Δ

Introduction

UF FLORIDA





5

Introduction

UF | UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

- Fertilization is among the most costly input in forage production
- In addition, soil and climatic conditions usually decrease fertilization efficiency in grasslands in Florida



Experiment 1

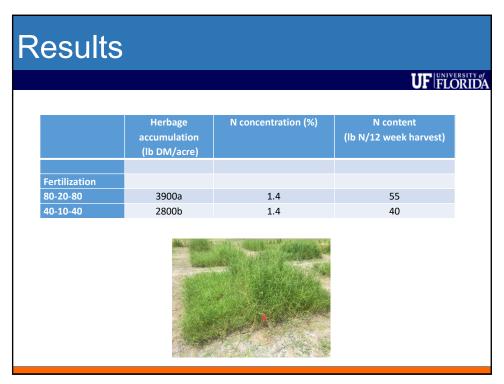
UF | FLORIDA

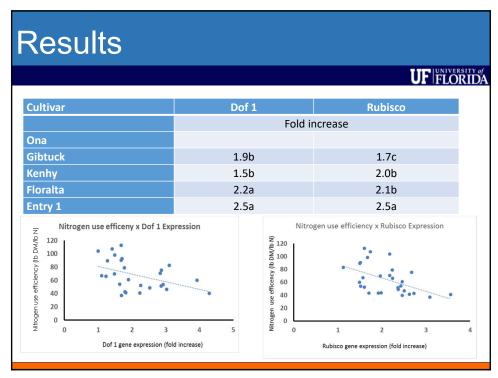
- The project has been conducted from 2016-2018
- Treatments were the combination of:
 - 4 limpograss cultivars/entry (Floralta, Gibtuck, Kenhy, and Entry 1)
 - 2 fertilization levels (40-10-40 or 80-20-80)
 - 2 harvest frequencies (6 or 12 weeks)

7

esults - Ona							
				UF FLO			
Response variables	Herbage accumulation (lb DM/acre)	Nitrogen use efficiency (lb DM/lb N fertilized)	Crude Protein (%)	Digestibility (%)			
Cultivar							
Gibtuck	4,100a	68a	8.1a	55.8a			
Kenhy	2,900b	48b	8.9a	54.6a			
Floralta	3,420b	56b	8.4a	54.8a			
Entry 1	2,800b	46b	8.8a	54.2a			
Regrowth Interval							
6 weeks	2,800b	46b	9.8a	57.6a			
12 weeks	6,270a	104a	7.3b	52.2b			
Fertilization							
80-20-80	5,000a	62b	8.7a	55.2a			
40-10-40	4,000b	100a	8.4a	54.5a			

Results - Ona						
	UF INIVE					
	Root mass (lb DM/acre)	Ground cover (%)				
Cultivar						
Gibtuck	4310a	88a				
Kenhy	2988b	50b				
Floralta	2650b	64b				
Entry 1	3600ab	61b				
Regrowth Interval						
6 weeks	2980b	54b				
12 weeks	3900a	87a				
Fertilization						
80-20-80	3900a	85a				
40-10-40	2800b	58b				

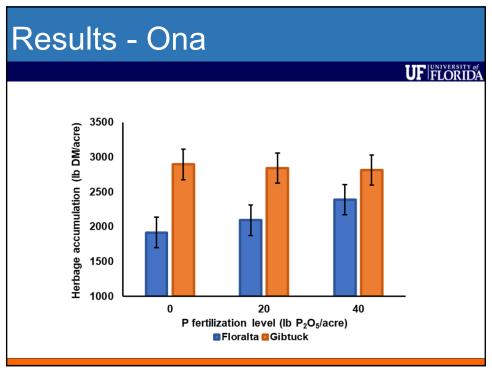


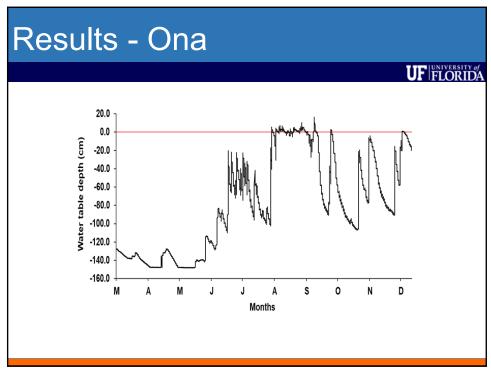


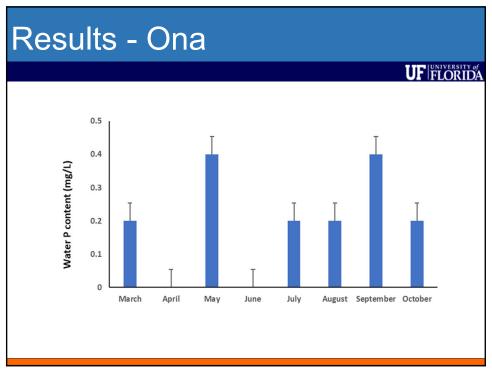
Experiment 2

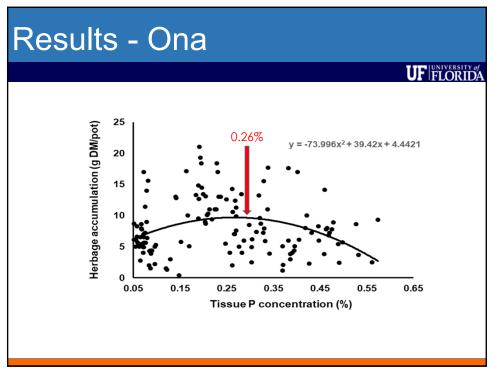
UF | UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

- The project has been conducted from 2022-2023
- Treatments were the combination of:
 - 2 limpograss cultivars/entry (Floralta and Gibtuck)
 - 3 phosphorus fertilization levels (0, 20, and 40 lb $P_2O_5/acre)$









Experiment 3

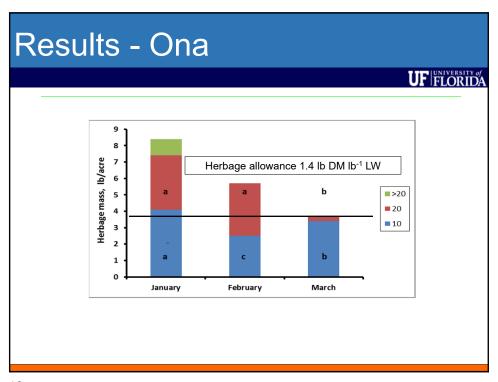
UF FLORIDA

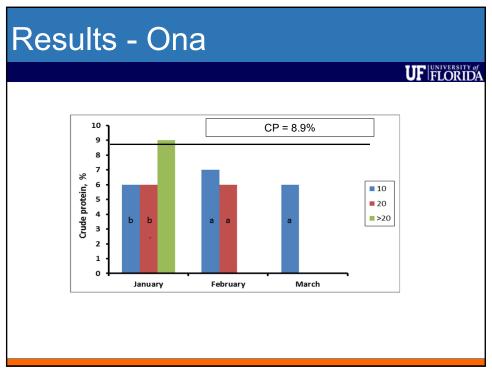
- The project has been conducted from 2016-2018
- Treatments were Floralta or Gibtuck stockpiled for 3 months (October to January)
- Pastures were grazed from January to March
- The variation in forage mass and nutritive value was evaluated

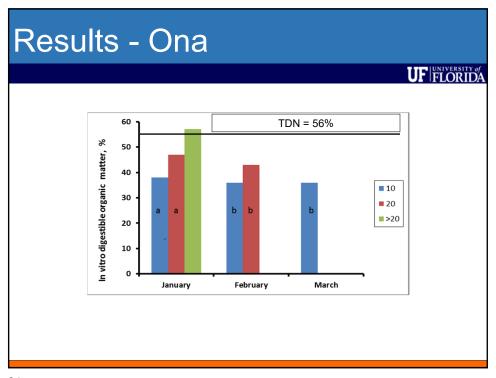
17

UF FLORIDA

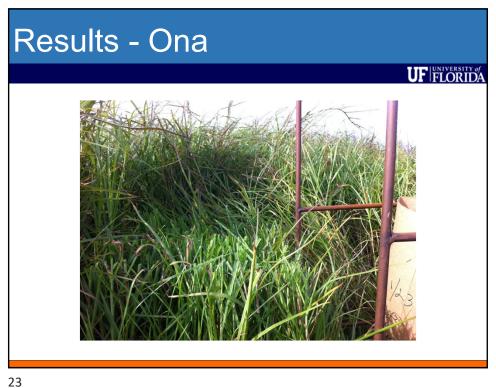
	Weight Gain Ibs	Calf Weight Ibs	Preg Rates %
Limpograss	-115	547	91.6
Bahia + hay	-88	535	92.2













Results - Ona

UF FLORID

Nutrient	Supplement (lb/d)				
	January	February	March		
DM	No	Yes	Yes		
СР	No	1.0	1.0		
TDN	No	2.8	3.7		

25

Implications

UF FLORIDA

- There are evidences that Gibtuck is a superior limpograss cultivar in South Florida. Gibtuck had the greatest root mass and ground cover and it is more persistent than other cultivar under adverse management practices.
- Greater regrowth intervals consistently resulted in greater herbage yield and ground cover, indicating that limpograss management should be slightly different from other warm-season perennial grasses. As expected, longer regrowth intervals resulted in slightly lesser nutritive value; however, the magnitude of the increase is not justified by the decrease in herbage yield and stand.

Implications

UF FLORIDA

- It is perceived that lower fertilization levels may be used in situation of unfavorable cattle market conditions or grazing; however, there may be a decrease in persistence if lower fertilization levels are used for an extended period of time for hay or haylage production
- There was no effect of P₂O₅ fertilization level on herbage accumulation; however, Gibtuck had greater herbage accumulation than Floralta There was no effect of P₂O₅ fertilization level on water P content

27

Implications

UF | FLORIDA

- Stockpiling limpograss is a viable management practice to supply forage for mature cows during the winter in South Florida
- The decrease in forage nutritive value during the grazing season needs to be considered to determine the supplementation program to optimize cattle performance

