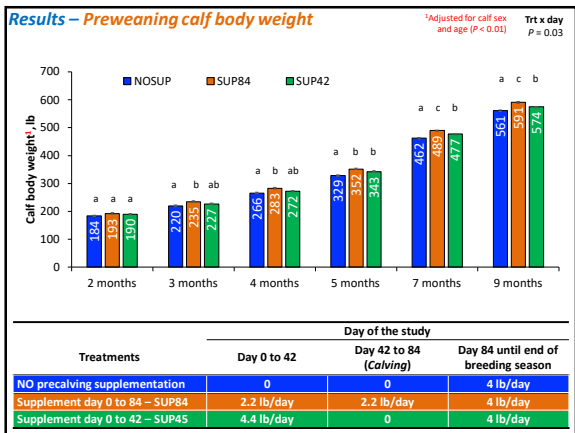


Results – Preweaning calf body weight

Item	Treatment			SEM	P
	NO SUP	SUP84	SUP42		
% calves born alive	98.1	94.3	96.4	2.55	0.58
Birth body weight, lb	79.3 ^a	82.4 ^b	81.9 ^b	3.70	0.08

Treatments	Day of the study		
	Day 0 to 42	Day 42 to 84 (Calving)	Day 84 until end of breeding season
NO precalving supplementation	0	0	4 lb/day
Supplement day 0 to 84 – SUP84	2.2 lb/day	2.2 lb/day	4 lb/day
Supplement day 0 to 42 – SUP45	4.4 lb/day	0	4 lb/day



Results – Post-weaning phase

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Steer innate and humoral immune response

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value	
	CON	SUP42	SUP84		Trt	Trt x Day
Plasma cortisol, µg/dL	2.13	2.29	2.15	0.16	0.76	0.79
Plasma haptoglobin, mg/mL	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.02	0.40	0.78
Serum BVDV-1						
Titers, log ₂	3.46	4.41	3.91	0.38	0.21	0.87
Seroconversion, % total	78	85	88	7.2	0.64	0.27
Serum PI3						
Titers, log ₂	2.53 ^a	4.30 ^b	3.73 ^{ab}	0.44	0.07	0.51
Seroconversion, % total						
day 347	21 ^a	63 ^b	54 ^b	11	0.32	0.01
day 389	80	82	83			

^{ab}P ≤ 0.05

Results – Post-weaning immune response of steers UF UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value	
	CON	SUP42	SUP84		Trt	Trt × Day
Plasma cortisol, µg/dL	2.13	2.29	2.15	0.16	0.76	0.79
Plasma haptoglobin, mg/mL	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.02	0.40	0.78
Serum BVDV-1						
Titers, log ₂	3.46	4.41	3.91	0.38	0.21	0.87
Seroconversion, % total	78	85	88	7.2	0.64	0.27
Serum P13						
Titers, log ₂	2.53 ^a	4.30 ^b	3.73 ^{ab}	0.44	0.07	0.51
Seroconversion, % total						
day 347	21 ^a	63 ^b	54 ^b	11	0.32	0.01
day 389	80	82	83			

^{a,b}P ≤ 0.05

Results – Steer carcass characteristics UF UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA


Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	CON	SUP42	SUP84		
Hot Carcass Weight, kg	337	338	338	5.5	0.98
Dressing Percent, %	59.7	60.5	59.8	0.30	0.12
12th rib fat thickness, cm	1.77	1.69	1.62	0.089	0.49
Longissimus muscle area, cm ²	79.2	80.8	80.7	1.58	0.74
KPH, %	2.92	2.62	2.67	0.13	0.20
Yield Grade	3.8	3.6	3.5	0.14	0.33
Marbling	521 ^a	570 ^b	545 ^{ab}	15	0.07
Average choice, %	5 ^a	36 ^b	17 ^{ab}	9.3	0.10
Low choice, %	72	46	58	10	0.17
Select, %	23	19	25	8	0.87

^{a,b}P ≤ 0.05

Results – Steer carcass characteristics UF UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

Item	Treatment			SEM	P - value
	CON	SUP42	SUP84		
Hot Carcass Weight, kg	337	338	338	5.5	0.98
Dressing Percent, %	59.7	60.5	59.8	0.30	0.12
12th rib fat thickness, cm	1.77	1.69	1.62	0.089	0.49
Longissimus muscle area, cm ²	79.2	80.8	80.7	1.58	0.74
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Select, %	23	19	25	8	0.87

^{a,b}P ≤ 0.05



Beef Enhancement Funds
Florida Cattlemen's Association

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

Fetal Programming

Frequency of precalving supplementation


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Frequency of precalving supplementation

80 days before calving:
120 Brangus cows (20 bahiagrass pastures; 6 cows/pasture)

NOSUP = no precalving supplementation
 1X = 14 lb of DDG offered on Monday (14 lb of DDG/cow/week)
 3X = 4.66 lb of DDG offered on Monday, Wednesday and Friday (14 lb of DDG/cow/week)
 7X = 2 lb of DDG offered daily (14 lb of DDG/cow/week)

Calving to weaning:
All cows and calves managed similarly



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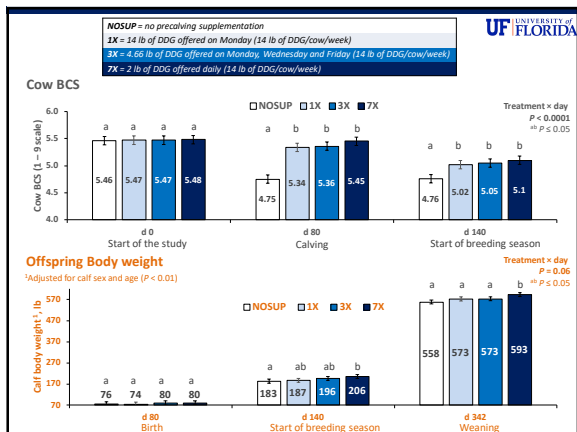
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Cow BCS

Treatment	Start of study	Calving	Start of breeding season
NOSUP	5.46	4.75	4.76
1X	5.47	5.34	5.02
3X	5.47	5.36	5.05
7X	5.48	5.45	5.1

Treatment × day
P < 0.0001
SEM

	NOSUP	1X	3X	7X	SEM	P-value
Pregnant cow, % of total	93.3	81.5	85.7	93.3	5.71	0.39
Calved a live calf, % of total	80.0	79.3	79.3	80.0	7.47	0.99



FETAL PROGRAMMING

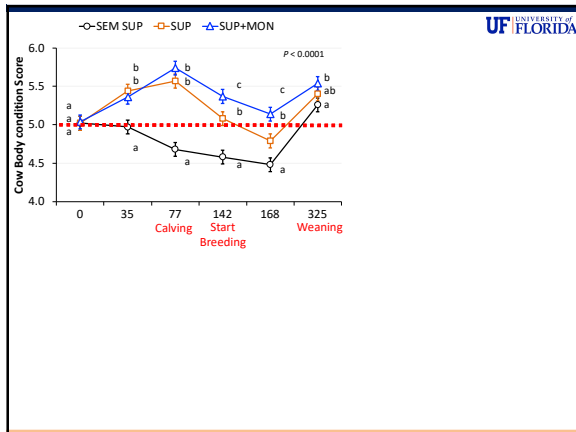
Additives: Monensin

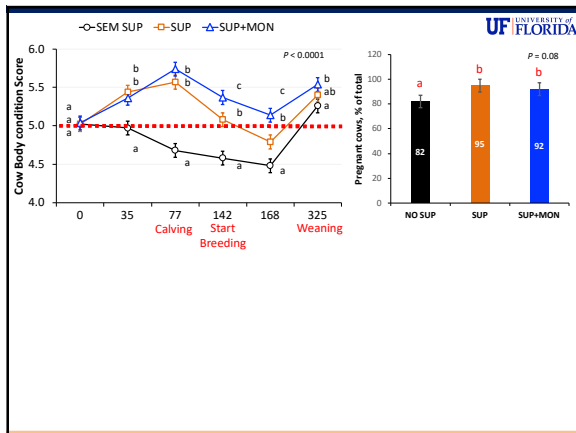
Inclusion of monensin into precalving supplementation

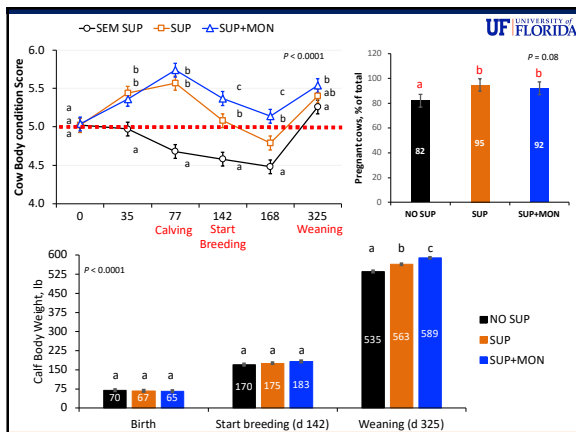
70 days before calving:
 160 Brangus cows (16 bahiagrass pastures; 10 cows/pasture)

Treatments:
 NO SUP = No precalving supplementation
 SUP = 2 lb of DDG daily
 SUP + MON = 2 lb of DDG daily + 200 mg de monensin daily

Calving to weaning:
 All cows and calves managed similarly!







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**Impacts of maternal precalving nutrition (No Supp. vs. Supp.)
on body condition score (BCS) and reproduction of cows and growth and
immune response of their calves (studies¹ at the Range Cattle REC; Ona, FL)**

	Study 1		Study 2		Study 3		Study 4	
	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.
Cow BCS start of the study	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.0
Cow BCS at calving								
Pregnancy rate, %								
Calf weaning weight, lb								
Response to vaccination, %								

^{a,b} Means without a common superscript differed ($P < 0.05$).

¹ Study 1 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of molasses + urea for 57 days before calving (Mariel et al., 2020).
 Study 2 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of molasses + urea for 47 days before calving (Palmer et al., 2020).
 Study 3 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of dried distillers grains for 90 days before calving (Palmer et al., in preparation).
 Study 4 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of dried distillers grains for 70 days before calving (Mariel et al., in preparation).

In all studies, cows and their calves were managed similarly from calving until calf weaning. Calves were early weaned at 2 to 3 months of age in Study 1 and normally weaned at 8 to 9 months of age in Studies 2, 3, and 4.

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	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.
Cow BCS start of the study	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.0
Cow BCS at calving	5.8 ^a	6.1 ^b	5.0 ^a	5.4 ^b	5.2 ^a	5.8 ^b	4.7 ^a	5.6 ^b
Pregnancy rate, %								
Calf weaning weight, lb								
Response to vaccination, %								

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Cow BCS start of the study	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.0
Cow BCS at calving	5.8 ^a	6.1 ^b	5.0 ^a	5.4 ^b	5.2 ^a	5.8 ^b	4.7 ^a	5.6 ^b
Pregnancy rate, %	91.7	94.4	78.5	75.8	96.2	96.3	82 ^a	95 ^b
Calf weaning weight, lb								
Response to vaccination, %								

^{a,b} Means without a common superscript differed ($P < 0.05$).

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University of Florida logo and title: **Impacts of maternal precalving nutrition (No Supp. vs. Supp.) on body condition score (BCS) and reproduction of cows and growth and immune response of their calves (studies¹ at the Range Cattle REC; Ona, FL)**

	Study 1		Study 2		Study 3		Study 4	
	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.	No Supp.	Supp.
Cow BCS start of the study	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.0
Cow BCS at calving	5.8 ^a	6.1 ^b	5.0 ^a	5.4 ^b	5.2 ^a	5.8 ^b	4.7 ^a	5.6 ^b
Pregnancy rate, %	91.7	94.4	78.5	75.8	96.2	96.3	82 ^a	95 ^b
Calf weaning weight, lb	275 ^a	295 ^b	579 ^a	597 ^b	561 ^a	591 ^b	535 ^a	563 ^b
Response to vaccination, %	56.1 ^a	81.5 ^b	-	-	21 ^a	54 ^b	-	-

^{a,b} Means without a common superscript differed (P < 0.05).
¹ Study 1 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of molasses + urea for 57 days before calving (Moriel et al., 2020).
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Study 3 = 0 or 2.2 lb/day of dried distillers grains for 90 days before calving (Palmer et al., in preparation).
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University of Florida logo and title: **Prenatal supplementation Heifer progeny**

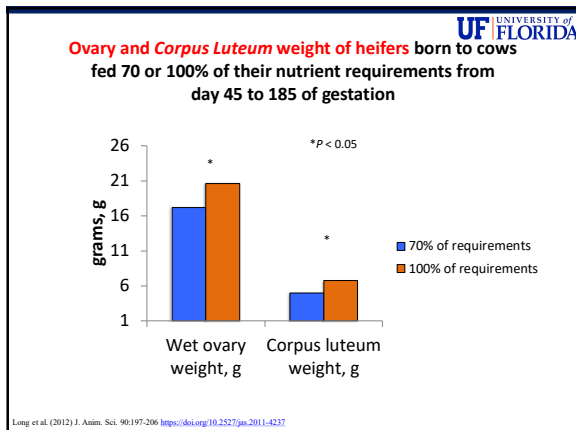
A photograph of a cow in a field, with a feeder in the foreground. The background shows a fence and a clear sky.

University of Florida logo and title: **Table 1 Time course of ovarian development for cattle, sheep, and pigs**

	Age in Days Postconception		
	Cattle ^a	Sheep ^a	Pigs ^{a,b}
Conception			
Mesonephros present		20	
Genital ridge present and being colonized by germ cells	35-36	23	18
Gonadal sex differentiation	39	32	27
Germ cell meiosis initiated	75-80	55	40
Maximum number of germ cells in gonad	110	75	50
First follicles formed	90-170	75	60-70
Most germ cells lost by atresia	150	90	100
First growing follicles observed	90-170	100	70
Most germ cells have completed meiosis	150	120	110
First antral follicles observed	250	135	60 ^c
Birth	—	—	—

^a Indicates days postpartum.
Data from Refs. ^{4,6-8}

Cushman and Perry (2019) Vet Clin Food Anim 35:321-330



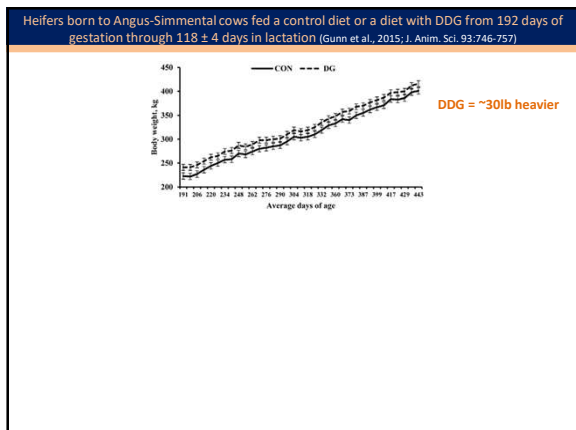
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Heifers born from cows that received or not protein supplementation (1 lb/day) during last trimester of gestation

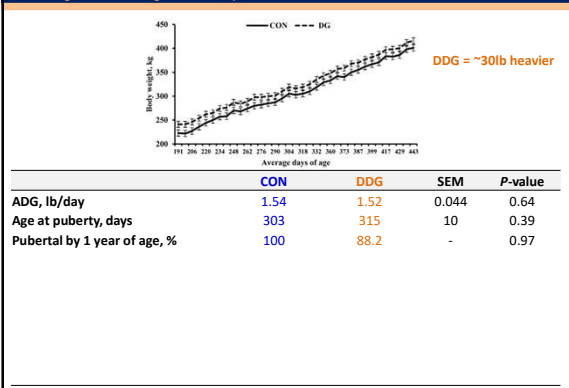
Item	Martin et al. (2007)		Funston et al. (2010)	
	NO Suppl.	Suppl.	NO Suppl.	Suppl.
Weaning weight, lb	456	467	496*	511*
Adjusted 205-day BW, lb	480*	498*	469	478
Age at puberty, days	334	339	366*	352*
Pregnancy %	80*	93*	80	90
Calving during the first 21 days, %	49*	77*	-	-

Martin et al. (2007) JAS 85:841-847
Funston et al. (2010) JAS 92:4094-4101

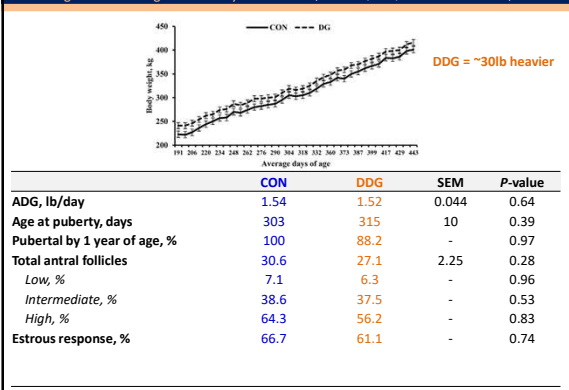
*P < 0.05



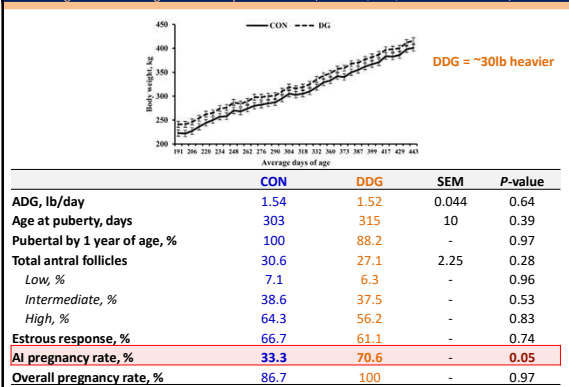
Heifers born to Angus-Simmental cows fed a control diet or a diet with DDG from 192 days of gestation through 118 ± 4 days in lactation (Gunn et al., 2015; J. Anim. Sci. 93:746-757)



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Multiparous beef cows (MARC III 1/4 Angus, 1/4 Hereford, 1/4 Pinzgauer, and 1/4 Red Poll)

Second and third trimester:
 Low diet = 75% of maintenance
 Moderate diet = 100% of maintenance
 High diet = 125% of maintenance

Item	Diet 2 nd trimester / Diet 3 rd trimester				SEM	P-value
	Low/High	Low/Low	Mod/High	Mod/Mod		

Cushman et al. (2014) Livestock 162:252-258 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.livsci.2014.01.033>

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 Low diet = 75% of maintenance
 Moderate diet = 100% of maintenance
 High diet = 125% of maintenance

Item	Diet 2 nd trimester / Diet 3 rd trimester				SEM	P-value
	Low/High	Low/Low	Mod/High	Mod/Mod		
Birth weight, lb	80.6	82.2	80.4	83.7	1.5	0.40
Prewaning ADG, lb/day	2.07	2.09	2.11	2.11	0.022	0.70
Weaning weight, lb	419	421	423	428	5.9	0.74
Post-weaning ADG, lb/day	1.70	1.67	1.67	1.67	0.022	0.89
Breeding weight, lb	825	826	824	832	10.1	0.95

Cushman et al. (2014) Livestock 162:252-258 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.livsci.2014.01.033>

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 High diet = 125% of maintenance

Item	Diet 2 nd trimester / Diet 3 rd trimester				SEM	P-value
	Low/High	Low/Low	Mod/High	Mod/Mod		
Percent pubertal	96.4	95.1	92.0	96.6	3.2	0.73
Age at puberty, days	316.5	312.4	315.6	320.5	4.1	0.60
Antral follicle count	22.8	22.0	22.6	21.4	0.7	0.50
Percent pregnant	85.5	89.9	92.0	88.5	2.1	0.23

Cushman et al. (2014) Livestock 162:252-258 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.livsci.2014.01.033>

Multiparous beef cows (MARC III 1/4 Angus, 1/4 Hereford, 1/4 Pinzgauer, and 1/4 Red Poll)

Maternal BCS	Low/High	Low/Low	Mod/High	Mod/Mod	SEM	P-value
Initial BCS	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	0.1	0.93
3 rd Trimester BCS	5.6 ^a	5.7 ^a	6.0 ^b	6.1 ^b	0.1	0.04
Calving BCS	6.0 ^b	5.5 ^a	6.2 ^b	6.0 ^b	0.2	0.04

Item	Diet 2 nd trimester / Diet 3 rd trimester				SEM	P-value
	Low/High	Low/Low	Mod/High	Mod/Mod		
Percent pubertal	96.4	95.1	92.0	96.6	3.2	0.73
Age at puberty, days	316.5	312.4	315.6	320.5	4.1	0.60
Antral follicle count	22.8	22.0	22.6	21.4	0.7	0.50
Percent pregnant	85.5	89.9	92.0	88.5	2.1	0.23


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Age at puberty, days	316.5	312.4	315.6	320.5	4.1	0.60
Antral follicle count	22.8	22.0	22.6	21.4	0.7	0.50
Percent pregnant	85.5	89.9	92.0	88.5	2.1	0.23
Calving percentage	81.5 ^a	82.5 ^a	90.0 ^b	82.0 ^a	2.1	0.06
Calved first 21 days, %	51.5 ^b	42.0 ^a	55.1 ^b	40.3 ^a	2.6	0.004
Calf birth weight, lb	68.9	70.9	69.6	68.7	1.32	0.71

Cushman et al. (2014) Livestock 162:252-258 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.livsci.2014.01.033> ^{a,b} P < 0.05



Current challenges

Inconsistent results

- Multiple possible explanations

Study	Gestation trimester	Birth body weight	Preweaning growth	Post-weaning growth
Cornh et al., 1975 (Exp. 1)	Third	+		
Cornh et al., 1975 (Exp. 2)	Third	++		
Mouph et al., 1990	Third	ND		
Greenwood et al., 2005	Second+third	+		
Banto et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2007	Third	+		
Martin et al., 2007	Third	ND		
Larson et al., 2009	Third	+		
Micks et al., 2010	First and/or second	+		
Long et al., 2010	Early	ND		
Furston et al., 2010	Third	ND		
Underwood et al., 2010	Second	ND		
Long et al., 2012	Early	ND		
Mullins et al., 2012	Third	Not reported		
Winterholler et al., 2012	Third	+		
Baldura et al., 2012	Second+third	+		
Balbert et al., 2013	Third	+		
Shoup et al., 2015a	Third	ND		
Shoup et al., 2015b	Third	Not reported		
Wilson et al., 2015	Third	ND		
Summers et al., 2015a	Third	Not reported		
Wilson et al., 2015a	Third	ND		
Wilson et al., 2015b	Third	+		
Kennedy et al., 2016	Third	+		
Maria et al., 2016	Third	ND		
Marquez et al., 2017	Second or third	ND		
Nepomuceno et al., 2017	Third	ND		
McLean et al., 2018	First	ND		
Maresca et al., 2018	Second+third	Not reported		
Kennedy et al., 2019	Third	+		
Maresca et al., 2019	Second+third	+		
Tanner et al., 2020	Second+third	ND		
Moriel et al., 2020	Third	ND		
Palmer et al., 2020	Third	ND		
Rodrigues et al., 2021	Second+third	+		

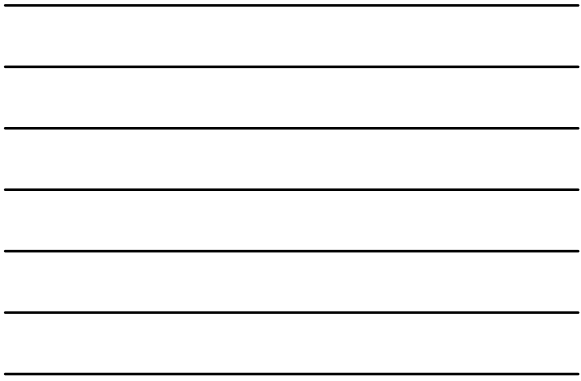
ND = no statistical difference



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Mouph et al., 1990	Third	ND		
Greenwood et al., 2005	Second+third	+		
Banto et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2007	Third	+		
Martin et al., 2007	Third	ND		
Larson et al., 2009	Third	+		
Micks et al., 2010	First and/or second	+		
Long et al., 2010	Early	ND		
Furston et al., 2010	Third	ND		
Underwood et al., 2010	Second	ND		
Long et al., 2012	Early	ND		
Mullins et al., 2012	Third	Not reported		
Winterholler et al., 2012	Third	+		
Baldura et al., 2012	Second+third	+		
Balbert et al., 2013	Third	+		
Shoup et al., 2015a	Third	ND		
Shoup et al., 2015b	Third	Not reported		
Wilson et al., 2015	Third	ND		
Summers et al., 2015a	Third	Not reported		
Wilson et al., 2015a	Third	ND		
Wilson et al., 2015b	Third	+		
Kennedy et al., 2016	Third	+		
Maria et al., 2016	Third	ND		
Marquez et al., 2017	Second or third	ND		
Nepomuceno et al., 2017	Third	ND		
McLean et al., 2018	First	ND		
Maresca et al., 2018	Second+third	Not reported		
Kennedy et al., 2019	Third	+		
Maresca et al., 2019	Second+third	+		
Tanner et al., 2020	Second+third	ND		
Moriel et al., 2020	Third	ND		
Palmer et al., 2020	Third	ND		
Rodrigues et al., 2021	Second+third	+		

ND = no statistical difference

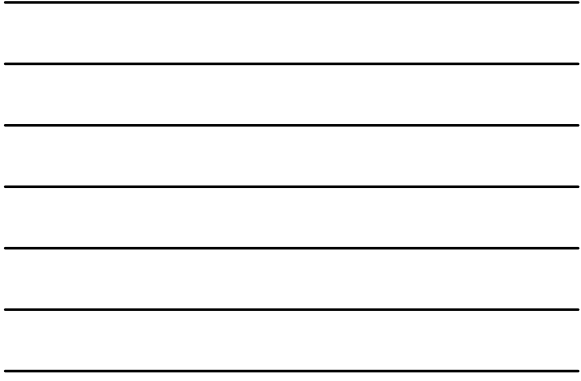
14 of 33 studies



Study	Gestation trimester	Birth body weight	Preweaning growth	Post-weaning growth
Cornh et al., 1975 (Exp. 1)	Third	+		
Cornh et al., 1975 (Exp. 2)	Third	++		
Mouph et al., 1990	Third	ND		
Greenwood et al., 2005	Second+third	+		
Banto et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2006	Third	ND		
Stolker et al., 2007	Third	+		
Martin et al., 2007	Third	ND		
Larson et al., 2009	Third	+		
Micks et al., 2010	First and/or second	+	Not reported	
Long et al., 2010	Early	ND	ND	
Furston et al., 2010	Third	ND	+	
Underwood et al., 2010	Second	ND	+	
Long et al., 2012	Early	ND	ND	
Mullins et al., 2012	Third	Not reported		
Winterholler et al., 2012	Third	+		
Baldura et al., 2012	Second+third	+	+	
Balbert et al., 2013	Third	+	+	
Shoup et al., 2015a	Third	ND	+	
Shoup et al., 2015b	Third	Not reported	Not reported	
Wilson et al., 2015	Third	ND	Not reported	
Summers et al., 2015a	Third	Not reported	ND	
Wilson et al., 2015a	Third	ND	ND	
Wilson et al., 2015b	Third	+	ND	
Kennedy et al., 2016	Third	+	Not reported	
Maria et al., 2016	Third	ND	ND	
Marquez et al., 2017	Second or third	ND	ND	
Nepomuceno et al., 2017	Third	ND	ND	
McLean et al., 2018	First	ND	ND	
Maresca et al., 2018	Second+third	Not reported	Not reported	
Kennedy et al., 2019	Third	+	+	
Maresca et al., 2019	Second+third	+	+	
Tanner et al., 2020	Second+third	ND	+	
Moriel et al., 2020	Third	ND	ND	
Palmer et al., 2020	Third	ND	+	
Rodrigues et al., 2021	Second+third	+	+	

ND = no statistical difference

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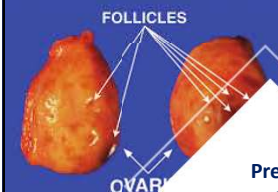
Current challenges

Inconsistent results

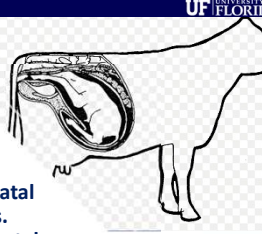
- Multiple possible explanations
 - I. Cow milk production
 - II. Epigenetics
 - III. Pre- vs. postnatal nutrition
 - IV. Breed
 - V. Sex-specific responses
 - VI. Immunological challenges
 - VII. Longer periods of evaluation
 - VIII. Multigeneration studies

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FOLLICLES



OVARY



Prenatal vs. Postnatal Nutrition



Immunological challenge in the feedlot

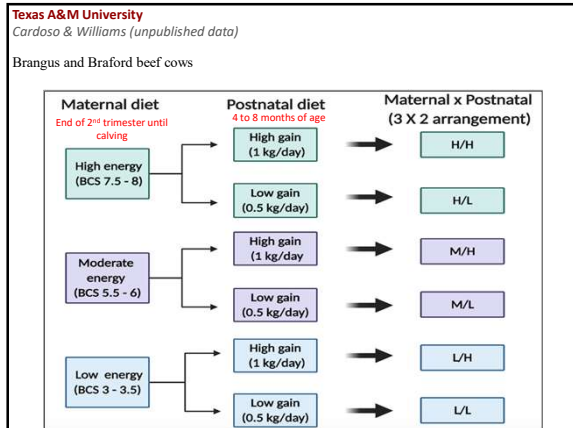
Effects of maternal supplementation of protein and energy during late gestation were detected for calf ADG immediately after a vaccination challenge against BRD pathogens but not during pre-vaccination period.

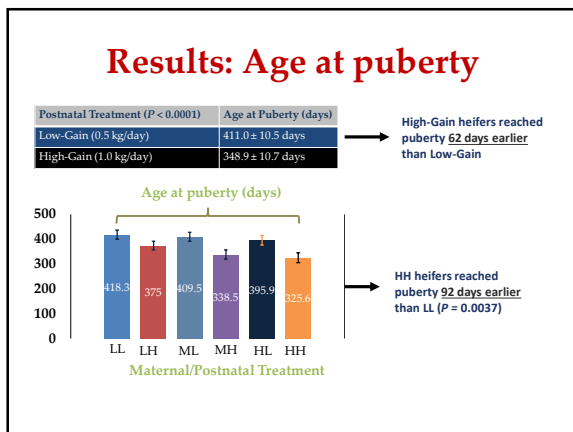
Treatments (starting 56 days precalving):
NOSUP = No Molasses + urea supplementation
MOL = 2.2 lb/d of Molasses + urea (DM)
MOLMET = 2.2 lb/d of MOL + 18 g/d of methionine hydroxy analog (Alimet, Novus)

Item	Treatment			SEM	P-value
	No Supplement	Molasses	Molasses Methionine		
ADG¹, lb/day					
<i>Birth to early weaning</i>	1.28	1.26	1.37	0.064	0.48
<i>Postweaning drylot</i>	1.85 ^a	2.00 ^b	2.18 ^b	0.068	0.02
<i>Birth to day 201</i>	1.41 ^a	1.59 ^b	1.65 ^b	0.081	0.10

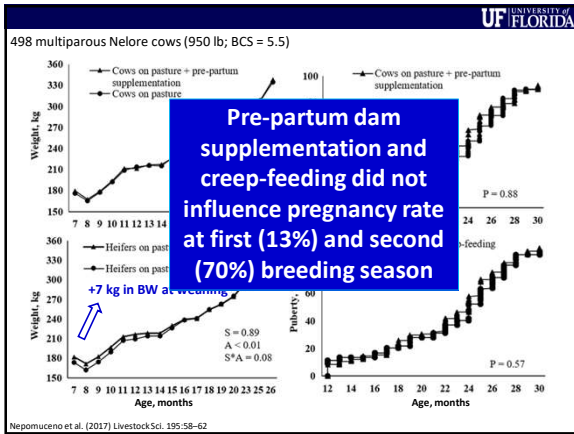
¹Adjusted for calf sex (P ≤ 0.05) ^{ab} P ≤ 0.05

Moriel et al. (2020) J. Anim. Sci. 98(5):1–12 doi:10.1093/jas/skaa123



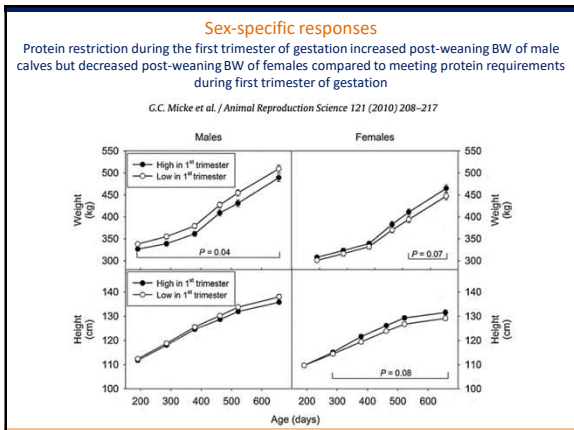


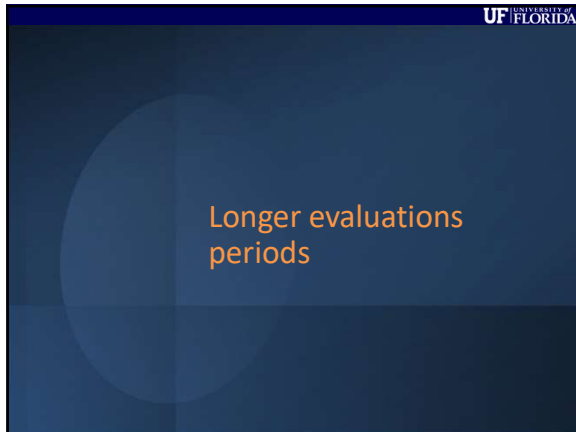






Sex-specific responses





Longer evaluation periods

- Opposite outcomes to offspring performance during shorter vs. longer periods of evaluation.
- Low precipitation vs. high precipitation during gestation
 - Decreased birth and weaning BW of calves
 - Increased longevity and percentage of females calving after 8 years of age (Beard et al., 2019)
- Multiple generations (F1 daughter and F2 granddaughters)
 - Laporta et al. (2020)
 - 10 years of consecutive data collection
 - Maternal heat stress during late gestation decreased milk production
 - Daughters during first, second and third lactations,
 - Granddaughters during their first lactation

Final messages

Maternal precalving supplementation

- Opportunity for beef producers to enhance offspring growth, immune function and reproduction
- Current research opportunities:
 - Less data on *Bos indicus*
 - Pre- vs. postnatal calf nutrition, sex-specific outcomes, and multiple generations beyond F1 offspring.